- 1. 5,935,821, Aug. 10, 1999, Polynucleotides related to monoclonal antibody 1A7 and use for the treatment of melanoma and small cell carcinoma; Malaya Chatterjee, et al., 435/69.6, 69.7, 327, 330; 536/23.4, 23.53 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 2. 5,290,551, Mar. 1, 1994, Treatment of melanoma with a vaccine comprising irradiated autologous melanoma tumor cells conjugated to a hapten; David Berd, 424/193.1, 85.2, 277.1 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- => s 12(3a)14(3a)11
- L9 315 L2(3A)L4(3A)L1
- => d history

	(FILE 'USPA	ΑТ	' ENTERED AT 08:20:17 ON 19 AUG 1999)
L1	23901	S	TUMOR OR TUMOUR
L2	380737	S	VACCIN? OR ADMINIST? OR INJECT?
L3	25637	S	HAPTEN OR ANTIGEN OR EPITOPE
L4	544967	S	OWN OR SELF OR PATIENT?
L5	1028	S	L1 (10A) L4 (10A) L2
$^{\mathrm{L6}}$	464	S	L1 (3A) L4 (10A) L2
L7	262	S	L1 (3A) L4 (3A) L2
L8	2	S	L2(A)L4(3A)L1
L9	315	S	L2(3A)L4(3A)L1

ANSWER 1 OF 44 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:147552 USPATFULL

TITLE: Alternative open reading frame DNA of a normal gene

and

a novel human cancer antigen encoded therein

INVENTOR(S): Wang, Rong-Fu, Bethesda, MD, United States

Rosenberg, Steven A., Potomac, MD, United States PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The United States of America as represented by the

Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC, United States (U.S.

government)

NUMBER

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5840839 19981124

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1996-599602 19960209 (8)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

PRIMARY EXAMINER: LeGuyader, John L. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Schwartzman, Robert LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Morgan & Finnegan, L.L.P.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 20 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 14 Drawing Figure(s); 8 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1905

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

DETD In another method of treatment, autologous cytotoxic

> lymphocytes or tumor infiltrating lymphocytes may be obtained from a patient with cancer. The lymphocytes are grown in culture and

cancer antigen specific.

ANSWER 2 OF 44 USPATFULL L4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:135159 USPATFULL

Identification of TRP-2 as a human tumor antigen TITLE:

recognized by cytotoxic T lymphocytes

INVENTOR(S): Wang, Rong-Fu, Bethesda, MD, United States

Rosenberg, Steven A., Potomac, MD, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The United States of America as represented by the

Department of Health and Human Services, Washington,

DC, United States (U.S. government)

NUMBER DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5831016 19981103 US 1996-725736 19961004 APPLICATION INFO.: (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-599602, filed

on 9 Feb 1996

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Elliott, George C. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Schwartzman, Robert LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Morgan & Finnegan, L.L.P.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 8 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1628

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

In another method of treatment, autologous cytotoxic

lymphocytes or tumor infiltrating lymphocytes may be obtained

from a patient with cancer. The lymphocytes are grown in culture and

cancer antigen specific.

ASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER ANSWER 3 OF 44 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998193951 EMBASE

Alteration of signal-transducing TCRzeta molecules after TITLE:

adoptive immunotherapy.

Kono K.; Ichihara F.; Iizuka H.; Sekikawa T.; Matsumoto Y. AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dr. K. Kono, First Department of Surgery, Yamanashi

Medical

University, 1110 Shimogato, Tamaho-machi, Nakakoma-gun,

Yamanashi 409-3898, Japan

SOURCE: Biotherapy, (1998) 12/5 (675-676).

Refs: 2

ISSN: 0914-2223 CODEN: BITPE

COUNTRY: Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article

FILE SEGMENT: 016 Cancer

> 026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: Japanese

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English; Japanese

 \cdot . . after adoptive immunotherapy (AIT) using tumor-associated T lymphocytes (TAL). Autologous TAL were cultured in low-dose IL-2 with

repeated stimulation of MMC-treated autologous

tumor cells and then adoptively transferred to patients

intravenously or intraperitoneally. TCRzeta expression was restored in 3 of 13 treated patients,.

ANSWER 4 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998099003 EMBASE

The limited effect of adoptive immunotherapy in patients TITLE:

with gastroenterological tumor.

Kono K.; Ichihara F.; Iizuka H.; Sekikawa T.; Matsumoto Y. AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dr. K. Kono, First Department of Surgery, Yamanashi

Medical

University, 1110 Shimokato, Tamaho-cho, Nakagoma-gun,

Yamanashi 409-38, Japan

SOURCE: Biotherapy, (1998) 12/1 (65-67).

Refs: 1

ISSN: 0914-2223 CODEN: BITPE

COUNTRY: Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article

FILE SEGMENT: 005 General Pathology and Pathological Anatomy

016 Cancer

026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation

LANGUAGE: Japanese

SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English; Japanese

. . . cancer-specific CTLs from tumor infiltrating lymphocyte (TIL), regional lymph node lymphocyte (RLNL) or tumor associated lymphocyte (TAL)

with repeated MMC treated autologous tumor

stimulation in the presence of rIL-2 (25 IU/ml), and performed the adoptive transfer to the patients with these CTLs. There.

ANSWER 5 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 1

1997:305851 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799613654

TITLE: Differences in the recognition of tumor-specific CD8+ T

cells derived from solid tumor, metastatic lymph nodes and

ascites in patients with gastric cancer.

AUTHOR(S): Kono, Koji (1); Ichihara, Fumiko; Iizuka, Hidehiko;

Sekikawa, Takayoshi; Matsumoto, Yoshirou (1) First Dep. Surg., Yamanashi Med. Univ., 1110 Tamaho, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Yamanashi 409-38 Japan

SOURCE: International Journal of Cancer, (1997) Vol. 71, No. 6,

pp.

978-981.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Y: 0020-7136.

LANGUAGE:

English

AB. . . gastric cancer-specific CD8+ T-cell (T-CD8 +) lines derived from different lymphocyte sources in the same patients by repeated stimulation with mitomycin-C-treated autologous tumor cells with low-dose interleukin-2, and we compared recognition patterns.

cells with low-dose interleukin-2, and we compared recognition patterns among the T-CD8 + derived from solid tumor, lymph node metastasis. . .

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 44 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

93:74205 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Cloning of the 38kd Mycoplasma hyorhinis

regression-associated antigen

INVENTOR(S):

Fareed, George C., Los Angeles, CA, United States

Sen, Arup, Van Nuys, CA, United States

Ghosh-Dastidar, Pradip, Los Angeles, CA, United States

Jar-How, Lee, Los Angeles, CA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

International Genetic Engineering, Inc., Santa Monica,

CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 5242823 19930907 US 1992-956546 19921002 (7)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1990-474730, filed on 16

Mar 1990, now abandoned which is a

continuation-in-part

of Ser. No. US 1987-131815, filed on 11 Dec 1987, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1987-97910, filed on 16 Sep 1987, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-138923, filed on 1 Ter. 1000

filed on 4 Jan 1988, now abandoned which is a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1986-837494, filed

on 7 Mar 1986, now patented, Pat. No. US 4748112

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility
Nucker, Christine M.

PRIMARY EXAMINER: ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Tuscan, Michael

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Marshall, O'Toole, Gerstein, Murray & Borun

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

8

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

8 Drawing Figure(s); 22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1685

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

CIIMM

. . 51, 415-417 (1985); and Wallack et al., Surgery, 96, 791-800

(1984). Active specific immunotherapy may also be attempted by

systematically injecting autologous (autochthonous)

tumor cells (i.e., cells derived from the tumor mass of the same patient) intradermally or subcutaneously. Laucius et al., Cancer, 40,.

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1993:28698 BIOSIS PREV199395016898

TITLE:

In vitro proliferation and the cytotoxic specificity of a

cryopreserved cytotoxic T cell clone reacting against

human

autologous tumor cells.

AUTHOR(S):

Wada, Yoshimasa; Ikeda, Hideyuki; Ueda, Daisuke; Ohta, Masahiko; Takahashi, Shuji; Hirata, Koichi; Sato, Noriyuki

(1); Kikuchi, Kokichi

CORPORATE SOURCE: *SOURCE:

٠.

(1) Dep. Pathol., Sapporo Med. Coll., 060 Sapporo Japan Journal of Immunological Methods, (1992) Vol. 154, No. 2,

pp. 235-243.

ISSN: 0022-1759.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Article

LANGUAGE: lish

AB. . . tumor cell in addition to a high concentr Ion (350 U/ml) ofrIL-2. Furthermore, these cells were proliferated more efficiently when

MMC-treated autologous tumor cells were used

in vitro as a feeder and an antigenic stimulant. However, such a high

IL-2 cultivation resulted. . .

ANSWER 8 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1993:97311 BIOSIS PREV199395052507

TITLE:

Electron microscopic observation of killer cells induced

by

mixed culture of lymphocytes with autologous cancer cells

and further culture with recombinant interleukin-2.

AUTHOR(S):

Murakami, Hiroki (1); Matsuoka, Hiroaki; Fukiage,

Tadahiro;

Samejima, Yasuhiro; Eura, Masao; Ikawa, Tsutomu; Ishikawa,

Takeru; Kanda, Takashi

CORPORATE SOURCE:

(1) Dep. Otolaryngol., Kumamoto Univ. Med. Sch., 1-1-1

Honjo, Kumamoto 860 Japan

SOURCE:

Auris Nasus Larynx, (1992) Vol. 19, No. 3, pp. 175-188.

ISSN: 0385-8146.

Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

Peripheral blood lymphocytes obtained from 2 patients with hypopharyngeal

cancer were cultured with mitomycin C treated autologous tumor cells (autologous MLTC) for 10 days and further cultured

with recombinant interleukin 2 (rIL-2). In one case 10-day MLTC induced.

ANSWER 9 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:6907 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

BA91:6907

TITLE:

INDUCTION OF KILLER CELLS FROM LYMPHOCYTES IN PLEURAL

EFFUSION OF ADVANCED LUNG CANCER PATIENTS.

AUTHOR(S):

INOUE Y; SHIJUBO N; UEDE T

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DEP. INTERNAL MED., SECT. 3, SAPPORO MED. COLL., S-1,

W-16,

CHUO-KU, SAPPORO 060, JPN.

SOURCE:

JPN J CANCER RES, (1990) 81 (10), 1012-1020.

CODEN: JJCREP. ISSN: 0910-5050.

FILE SEGMENT:

BA; OLD

LANGUAGE: English

. . cells was increased at 2 weeks, but it was remarkably reduced at 4 weeks. When PLEL were stimulated by mitomycin C-treated

autologous tumor cells during culture, autologous tumor

killing activity of PLEL was significantly enhanced even after 4 weeks of cultivation. Cold target.

ANSWER 10 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:58023 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

BR40:23378

TITLE:

IMMUNOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF MAMMARY TUMORS IN DOGS AND CATS A

SURVEY INCLUDING OWN STUDIES AND PERTINENT LITERATURE.

AUTHOR(S):

RUTTEN V P M G; MISDORP W; GAUTHIER A; ESTRADA M; MIALOT J

P; PARODI A L; RUTTEMAN G R; WEYER K

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DEP. INFECT. DIS. IMMUNOL., SECT. IMMUNOL., FAC. VET.

MED.,

UNIV. UTRECHT, P.O. BOX 80.165, 3508 TD UTRECHT, NETH.

SOURCE:

Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol., (1990) 26 (3), 211-226.

CODEN: VIIMDS. ISSN: 0165-2427.

FILE SEGMENT:

BR; OLD

LANGUAGE:

English

IΤ Miscellaneous Descriptors

REVIEW BCG CORYNEBACTERIUM PARVUM VACCINE MITOMYCIN TREATED

ANSWER 11 OF 44 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER:

89272025 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89272025

TITLE:

Basic and clinical study of adoptive immunotherapy using

cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) against cancers.

AUTHOR:

Kitsukawa K

CORPORATE SOURCE:

First Dept. of Internal Medicine, School of Medicine,

University of the Ryukyus.

SOURCE:

GAN TO KAGAKU RYOHO [JAPANESE JOURNAL OF CANCER AND

CHEMOTHERAPY], (1989 Apr) 16 (4 Pt 2-2) 1448-54.

Journal code: 6T8. ISSN: 0385-0684.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Japan

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals; Cancer Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

198909

. Her breast cancer was histologically scirrhous type

adenocarcinoma which was resistant to antineoplastics. Patient's PBL were

cocultured with mitomycin C treated-autologous

tumor, and they were proliferated with interleukin 2 or T-cell

growth factor (TCGF). Then, these CTL were injected to this patient. .

ANSWER 12 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 7 L4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

1989:138475 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

BA87:73128

TITLE:

CONTROLLED CLINICAL TRIAL OF ADJUVANT IMMUNOTHERAPY WITH

BCG AND NEURAMINIDASE-TREATED AUTOLOGOUS

TUMOR CELLS IN LARGE BOWEL CANCER.

AUTHOR(S):

GRAY B N; WALKER C; ANDREWARTHA L; FREEMAN S; BENNETT R C

UNIV. DEP. SURG., ROYAL PERTH HOSP., WELLINGTON ST.,

PERTH,

WESTERN AUSTRALIA 6000, AUST.

SOURCE:

J SURG ONCOL, (1989) 40 (1), 34-37.

CODEN: JSONAU. ISSN: 0022-4790.

FILE SEGMENT:

BA; OLD

LANGUAGE:

English

CONTROLLED CLINICAL TRIAL OF ADJUVANT IMMUNOTHERAPY WITH BCG AND

NEURAMINIDASE-TREATED AUTOLOGOUS TUMOR CELLS

IN LARGE BOWEL CANCER.

ANSWER 13 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:52909 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

BA87:28909

TITLE:

MELBOURNE AUSTRALIA TRIAL OF ADJUVANT IMMUNOTHERAPY IN

OPERABLE LARGE BOWEL CANCER.

AUTHOR(S):

GRAY B N; WALKER C; ANDREWARTHA L; FREEMAN S; BENNETT R C

CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV. DEP. SURG., ROYAL PERTH HOSP., WELLINGTON ST.,

PERTH,

WA 6000, AUST.

SOURCE:

AUST N Z J SURG, (1988) 58 (1), 43-46.

CODEN: ANZJA7. ISSN: 0004-8682.

FILE SEGMENT:

BA; OLD

LANGUAGE:

English

Stage B or C large bowel cancer. The immunotherapy consisted of a 2 year programme of vaccinations with BCG and neuraminidase-treated

autologous tumour cells. Three hundred and one patients

entered the trial. At 5 years of follow-up there is no evidence that this.

ANSWER 14 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 9 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:169753 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: B:88194

TITLE: THERAPY OF NEOPLASTIC DISEAS. WITH TUMOR CELLS AND

NEURAMINIDASE FURTHER EXPERIMENTAL STUDIES ON CHESSBOARD

VACCINATION IN CANINE MAMMARY TUMORS. SEDLACEK H H; HAGMAYER G; SEILER F R

AUTHOR(S): SEDLACEK H H; HAGMAYER G; SEILER F R
CORPORATE SOURCE: RES. LAB. OF BEHRINGWERKE AG, D-3550 MARBURG, FRG.
CANCER IMMUNOL IMMUNOTHER, (1986 (RECD 1987)) 23 (3),

192-199.

CODEN: CIIMDN. ISSN: 0340-7004.

FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD LANGUAGE: English

AB. . . was investigated. The i. d. injections were performed in a chessboard-like manner: different numbers (105, 106, 107, and 108) of mitomycin-treated autologous tumor cells

(M-TC) were each mixed with different amounts (10, 50, and 100 mU) of

VCN.

These different mixtures were injected.

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.DUPLICATE 10

ACCESSION NUMBER: 85164706 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1985164706

TITLE: Treatment of patients with pancreatic endocrine tumours

using a new long-acting somatostatin analogue symptomatic

and peptide responses.

AUTHOR: Wood S.M.; Kraenzlin M.E.; Adrian T.E.; Bloom S.R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medicine, Royal Postgraduate Medical School,

Hammersmith Hospital, London W12 OHS, United Kingdom

SOURCE: Gut, (1985) 26/5 (438-444).

COUNTRY: COUNTRY: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

FILE SEGMENT: 037 Drug Literature Index

048 Gastroenterology 030 Pharmacology 003 Endocrinology

016 Cancer

006 Internal Medicine

LANGUAGE: English

AB . . . for seven months with this analogue which has controlled his previously life threatening diarrhoea caused by a malignant VIP secreting tumour. He gives his own injection twice

daily, and has returned to a full and active life. This is a promising agent both for acute treatment. . .

X4 ANSWER 16 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 11

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:234890 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: BA79:14886

TITLE: COMBINATION CHEMOIMMUNOTHERAPY FOR ADVANCED GASTRIC

CARCINOMA.

AUTHOR(S): AKIYOSHI T; KAWAGUCHI M; ARINAGA S; MIYAZAKI S; KOBA F;

WADA T; TSUJI H

CORPORATE SOURCE: DEP. OF SURGERY, MED. INST. OF BIOREGULATION, KYUSHU

UNIV.,

4546 TSURUMIBARU, BEPPU 874, JAPAN.

SOURCE: JPN J SURG, (1984) 14 (3), 185-190.

CODEN: JJSGAY. ISSN: 0047-1909.

FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD LANGUAGE: English

AB. . . advanced gastric carcinoma were treated with a combination chemo-immunotherapy regimen that consisted of active immunotherapy with Vibrio cholarae neuraminidase (VCN) treated autologous

tumor cells admixed with BCG and drugs including cyclophosphamide,

mitomycin C (MMC) and 5-fluorouracil, followed by long term tegafur (FT) and. . .

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 12'

ACCESSION NUMBER 340730 BIOSIS

7:77210 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

A TRIAL OF ADJUVANT COMBINATION CHEMO IMMUNO THERAPY FOR TITLE:

STAGE III CARCINOMA OF STOMACH.

AKIYOSHI T; KAWAGUCHI M; ARINAGA S; MIYAZAKI S; KOBA F; AUTHOR(S):

WADA T; TSUJI H

DEP. OF SURGERY, MED. INSTITUTE OF BIOREGULATION, KYUSHU CORPORATE SOURCE:

UNIV., BEPPU, 874 JAPAN.

J SURG ONCOL, (1984) 26 (2), 86-90. CODEN: JSONAU. ISSN: 0022-4790. SOURCE:

FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD English LANGUAGE:

with stage III carcinoma of stomach, following curative resection. AB.

The treatment regimen consisted of active immunotherapy with Vibrio

cholerae neuraminidase (VCN)-treated autologous

tumor cells admixed with BCG and chemotherapy with drugs such as

cyclophosphamide (CY), mitomycin C (MMC) and 5-fluorouracil (FU), which

proved.

Miscellaneous Descriptors IT

HUMAN VIBRIO-CHOLERAE NEURAMINIDASE TREATED

AUTOLOGOUS TUMOR CELLS BCG IMMUNOLOGIC-DRUG CYCLO

PHOSPHAMIDE MITOMYCIN C 5 FLUORO URACIL TEGAFUR ANTINEOPLASTIC-DRUG

SURGERY PROGNOSIS

ANSWER 18 OF 44 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 1999 ISI (R)

83:598555 SCISEARCH ACCESSION NUMBER:

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: RR228

IMMUNOTHERAPEUTIC APPROACH OF METASTATIC KIDNEY CANCER TITLE:

USING IMMUNE-RNA (I-RNA) FROM GUINEA-PIGS IMMUNIZED WITH

FORMALIN TREATED AUTOLOGOUS

TUMOR-CELLS (TC)

CORRADO F (Reprint); PIZZA G; MARTINELLI A AUTHOR:

OSPED M MALPIGHI, DIV UROL 1, I-40139 BOLOGNA, ITALY CORPORATE SOURCE:

ITALY COUNTRY OF AUTHOR:

PROSTATE, (1983) Vol. 4, No. 6, pp. 660. SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Journal

FILE SEGMENT: LIFE ENGLISH LANGUAGE:

REFERENCE COUNT: No References

IMMUNOTHERAPEUTIC APPROACH OF METASTATIC KIDNEY CANCER USING IMMUNE-RNA

(I-RNA) FROM GUINEA-PIGS IMMUNIZED WITH FORMALIN TREATED

AUTOLOGOUS TUMOR-CELLS (TC)

ANSWER 19 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 13

1983:285245 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: BA76:42737

INDUCTION OF DELAYED HYPER SENSITIVITY REACTIONS IN CANCER TITLE:

PATIENTS BY CHOLESTEROL HEMI SUCCINATE TREATED

AUTOLOGOUS TUMOR CELLS.

SKORNICK Y; DRESDALE A R; SINDELAR W F AUTHOR(S):

BUILDING 10, ROOM 10N206, NATIONAL INST. HEALTH, BETHESDA, CORPORATE SOURCE:

MD. 20205.

J NATL CANCER INST, (1983) 70 (3), 465-468. SOURCE:

CODEN: JNCIAM. ISSN: 0027-8874.

BA; OLD FILE SEGMENT: English LANGUAGE:

INDUCTION OF DELAYED HYPER SENSITIVITY REACTIONS IN CANCER PATIENTS BY

CHOLESTEROL HEMI SUCCINATE TREATED AUTOLOGOUS

TUMOR CELLS.

. . malignant tumors. Patients were given intradermal injections of 106 AB.

autologous, irradiated, CHS-treated tumor cells. Control injections

consisted of untreated irradiated tumor cells, CHS-

treated autologous normal peripheral lymphocytes,

strongly positive skin reactions were observed when CHS-treated tumor cells were used. Untreated irradiated cells gave negative. .

PLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS ANSWER 20 OF 44 L41983:606601 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:206601 Vaginal administration of a potent luteinizing TITLE: hormone-releasing hormone analog (leuprolide) Okada, Hiroaki AUTHOR(S): Cent. Res. Div., Takeda Chem. Ind., Ltd., Osaka, 532. CORPORATE SOURCE: Japan Takeda Kenkyushoho (1983), 42(1/2), 150-208 SOURCE: CODEN: TAKHAA; ISSN: 0371-5167 Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: Japanese LANGUAGE: A rational dosage method for leuprolide (I) [53714-56-0] selfadministration in mammary tumor therapy was studied in rats by detg. the ovulation-inducing activity and RIA of serum levels of Ι and gonadotropin after. ANSWER 21 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 14 1982:173435 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: BA73:33419 DOCUMENT NUMBER: SEQUENTIAL COMBINATION CHEMO IMMUNO THERAPY FOR VARIOUS TITLE: MALIGNANT TUMORS CLINICAL AND LABORATORY RESULTS. AKIYOSHI T; KAWAGUCHI M; MIYAZAKI S; KOBA F; TSUJI H AUTHOR(S): DEP. SURG., RES. INST. BALNEOTHER., KYUSHU UNIV., BEPPU CORPORATE SOURCE: 874, JPN. JPN J SURG, (1981) 11 (4), 283-290. SOURCE: CODEN: JJSGAY. ISSN: 0047-1909. BA; OLD FILE SEGMENT: English LANGUAGE: . . advanced malignant tumors. The treatment regimen consisted of cyclophosphamide (CY) 200 mg i.v. on day 1, Vibrio cholerae neuraminidase (VCN) treated autologous tumor cells admixed with BCG 5-10 mg intradermally on day 4 and mitomycin C (MMC) 10-16 mg and 5-fluorouracil (FU) 500. ANSWER 22 OF 44 CANCERLIT ACCESSION NUMBER: 81621250 ÇANCERLIT 81621250 DOCUMENT NUMBER: SEQUENTIAL COMBINATION CHEMOIMMUNOTHERAPY FOR MALIGNANT TITLE: DISEASE. /II. CLINICAL AND LABORATORY RESULTS. Akiyoshi/T; Kawaguchi M; Miyazaki S; Koba F; Tsuji H Dept. Surgery, Res. Inst. Balneotherapeutics, Kyushu CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ., Beppu-shi, Oita Pref. 874, Japan. Gan T\(\text{f} \) Kagaku Ryoho, (1980). Vol. 7, No. 11, pp. SOURCE: 2019-2026. Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE: ICDB; L FILE SEGMENT: Japanese LANGUAGE: 1,98108 ENTRY MONTH: . . . patients with various advanced malignant tumors. The treatment program consisted of cyclophosphamide 200 mg iv on day 1, Vibrio cholerae neuraminidase/treated autologous tumor cells admixed with/BCG 5 to 10 mg id on day 4 and mitomycin C 10 to 16 mg and. ANSWER 23 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 15 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:204575 BIOSIS BA69:79571 DOCUMENT NUMBER: TRANSITIONAL CELL CARCINOMA OF THE BLADDER DIFFERENCES . TITLE:

BETWEEN PRIMARY TUMOR AND FOLLOWING RELAPSES.

AUTHOR(S): PIZZA G; VIZA D; FINI M; CUZZOCREA D; MENNITÍ D; CORRADO F

CORPORATE SOURCE: DIV. UROL., OSP. M. MALPIGHI, VIA P. PALAGI 9, BOLOGNA,

ITALY.

SOURCE: EUUROL, (1980) 6 (1), 45-47.
COLN: EUURAV. ISSN: 0302-2838.

FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD LANGUAGE: English

AB The presence of tumor-associated antigens in bladder carcinomas was shown

in leukocyte migration inhibition and lymphocyte stimulation using

formalin-treated autologous tumor cells as

antigen. The treatment of patients with an in vitro-produced specific

transfer factor enhances their reactivity in these tests..

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 16

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:163653 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: BA69:38649

TITLE: TUMOR METASTASES AND CELL MEDIATED IMMUNITY IN A MODEL

SYSTEM IN DBA-2 MICE 6. SIMILAR SPECIFICITY PATTERNS OF

PROTECTIVE ANTI TUMOR IMMUNITY IN-VIVO AND CYTOLYTIC

THYMUS

DERIVED CELLS IN-VITRO.

AUTHOR(S): BOSSLET K; SCHIRRMACHER V; SHANTZ G

CORPORATE SOURCE: INST. IMMUNOL. GENET., DTSCH. KREBSFORSCHUNGSZENT.,

HEIDELBERG, W. GER.

SOURCE: INT J CANCER, (1979) 24 (3), 303-313.

CODEN: IJCNAW. ISSN: 0020-7136.

FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD LANGUAGE: English

AB. . . lymphocytes (CTL) were obtained after sensitization in vivo with

viable tumor cells and restimulation in vitro for 4-5 days with

mitomycin-C-treated autologous tumor cells.

Anti-Eb and anti-ESb CTL showed high cytolytic activity in a 4-h 51Cr

release assay against the autologous tumor lines..

ANSWER 25 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V. DUPLICATE 17

ACCESSION NUMBER: 79249432 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1979249432

TITLE: Immunotherapy of spontaneous mammary tumors in mongrel

dogs

with autologous tumor cells and neuraminidase. Sedlacek H.H.; Weise M.; Lemmer A.; Seiler F.R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Lab. Behringwerke AG, 3550 Marburg/Lahn, Germany

SOURCE:

Cancer Immunology Immunotherapy, (1979) 6/1 (47-58).

CODEN: CIIMDN

COUNTRY: Germany DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

FILE SEGMENT: 037 Drug Literature Index

016 Cancer

026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation

LANGUAGE: English

AB . . . blindly distributed into six groups in three consecutive

studies.

The results show that the therapeutic effect of the injection of VCN-

treated autologous tumor cells depends on the

number of tumor cells injected: injection of 2×107 tumor cells repeatedly induced regression of the residual. . .

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 79042556 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1979042556

TITLE: Spontaneous mammary tumors in mongrel dogs. A relevant

model to demonstrate tumor therapeutical success by application of neuraminidase-treated tumor cells.

AUTHOR: Sedlacek H.H.; Seiler F.R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Behringwerke AG, D-3550 Marburg/Lahn, Germany

SOURCE: Developments in Biological Standardization, (1978) VOL.

38/- (399-412).

CODEN: DVBSA3

COUNTRY: Switzerland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Drug Literature Index FILE SEGMENT: Immunology, Serology and Transplantation 026 016 Obstetrics and Gynecology 010 004 Microbiology LANGUAGE: English certain time intervals. The results after a follow-up examination period of about three years show that the tumor-therapeutical effect of VCN-treated autologous tumor cells depends on the number of tumor cells injected: 2 x 107 tumor cells induce long Yasting tumor regression, prolongation. ANSWER 27 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V. 79042555 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979042555 DOCUMENT NUMBER: Possible immunological action of Vibrio cholerae TITLE: neuraminidase (VCN) in tumor immunotherapy. Sedlacek H.H.; Johannsen R.; Seiler F.R. AUTHOR: CORPORATE SOURCE: Behringwerke AG, D-3550 Marburg/Lahn, Germany SOURCE: Developments in Biological Standardization, (1978) VOL. 38/-(387-398). CODEN: DVBSA3 Switzerland COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal 037 Drug Literature Index FILE SEGMENT: 016 Cancer 026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation 004 Microbiology LANGUAGE: English From literature it is known that the injection of VCN-treated autologous tumor cells into tumor-bearing mice immunologically induced tumor regression. The increase of immunogenicity of such treated cells has been said to be contributed to. ANSWER/28 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS DUPLICATE 18 1979:162604 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NÚMBER: BA67:42604 DEMONSTRATION OF SPECIFIC CELL MEDIATED ANTI TUMOR TITLE: IMMUNITY / IN LUNG CANCER TO AUTOLOGOUS TISSUE EXTRACTS. DEAN J H; JERRELLS T R; CANNON G B; KIBRITE A; BAUMGARDNER AUTHOR(S): B; WEESE J L; SILVA J; HERBERMAN R B BIOMED. RES. DIV., DEP. IMMUNOL., LITTON BIONETICS INC. CORPORATE SOURCE: 5516 NICHOLSON LANE, KENSINGTON, MD. 20795, USA. INT J CANCER, (1978) 22 (4), 367-377. SOURCE: CODEN: IJCNAW. ISSN: 0020-7136. BA; OLD FILE SEGMENT: English LANGUAGE: interactions as measured in a microculture (200 .mu.1) lymphocyte proliferation (LP) assay. Positive lymphoproliferative responses were observed with cryopreserved intact mitomycin-C-treated autologous tumor cells (8/12 or 67% patients reactive) and with hypotonic membrane extracts (HMP) of tumor cells (28/40 or 70%). Good correlation. ANSWER 29 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.DUPLICATE 19 L479142220 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1979142220 Specificity of cell membrane antigens in prostate cancer. TITLE: Brannen G.E.; Coffey D.S. AUTHOR: Madigan Army Med. Cent., Tacoma, Wash. 98431, United CORPORATE SOURCE: States SOURCE: National Cancer Institute Monograph, (1978) Monogr. 49/-(251-253).

N: NCIMAV COUNTRY: ed States DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

016 FILE SEGMENT:

Immunology, Serology and Transplantation 026

020 Gerontology and Geriatrics Urology and Nephrology 028

English LANGUAGE:

. given intradermal injections of soluble tumor antigens extracted from their tumors, exhibited a cutaneous, delayed type hypersensitivity

response to the injected autologous tumor

extracts. No positive reactions were observed in response to solubilized components of control tissues, including BPH. These observations suggest that.

ANSWER 30 OF 44 CANCERLIT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 78804857 CANCERLIT

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78804857

ACTIVE SPECIFIC IMMUNOTHERAPY OF ADVANCED RENAL-CELL TITLE:

CARCINOMA.

Tykka H; Oravisto K J; Lehtonen T; Sarna S; Tallberg T AUTHOR:

Lab. Immunology, Helsinki Univ. Central Hosp., CORPORATE SOURCE: Haartmaninkatu 3, 00290 Helsinki 29, Finland.

Eur Urol, (1978). Vol. 4, No. 4, pp. 250-258. SOURCE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

CATH; L FILE SEGMENT: English LANGUAGE: 197811 ENTRY MONTH:

. . . old) with advanced adenocarcinoma of the kidney (Stage III-IV, Grade I-III). None had brain metastases. Postoperative immunotherapy

with ethyl chloroformate-treated autologous

tumor vaccine and an individually selected antigen (Candida

albicans or tuberculin-purified protein derivative) was given id (av, 1x/mo until the material. .

ANSWER 31 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

78158636 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

1978158636 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Effect of vibrio cholerae neuraminidase (VCN) TITLE:

treated autologous tumor cells

on the growth of the spontaneous mammary tumor in dogs.

Sedlacek H.H.; Weise M.; Meesmann H.; Seiler F.R. AUTHOR:

Behringw. AG, Marburg/Lahn, Germany CORPORATE SOURCE:

Allergologia et Immunopathologia, (1977) 5/4 (383-384). SOURCE:

CODEN: AGIMBJ

COUNTRY: Spain DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

Drug Literature Index FILE SEGMENT: 037

English LANGUAGE:

Effect of vibrio cholerae neuraminidase (VCN) treated autologous tumor cells on the growth of the spontaneous

mammary tumor in /dogs.

ANSWER 32 OF 44 CANCERLIT

77807757 CANCERLIT ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77807757

NEURAMINIDASE AND TUMOR IMMUNOTHERAPY. TITLE: Sedlacek H H; Seiler F R; Schwick H G AUTHOR:

Bahringwerke AG, D-3550 Marburg/Lahn, W. Germany. CORPORATE SOURCE: Klin Wochenschr, (1977). Vol. 55, No. 5, pp. 199-214. SOURCE:

ISSN: 0023-2173.

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

CATH; L FILE SEGMENT: English LANGUAGE: 197709 ENTRY MONTH:

AB . . . immunotly app are presented. Among recurrent and metastatic melanoma patients who survived long enough to receive sc injections of irradiated V cholerae-treated autologous tumor cells and BCG during the last phase of a 4-phase immunotherapy program, 6 showed complete regression over periods of 6-30. . .

L4 ANSWER 33 OF 44 CANCERLIT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 77806132 CANCERLIT

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77806132

TITLE: ABNORMALITIES OF MONOCYTE CHEMOTAXIS IN PATIENTS WITH

MELANOMA: EFFECTS OF IMMUNOTHERAPY AND TUMOR REMOVAL.

AUTHOR: Snyderman R; Seigler H F; Meadows L

CORPORATE SOURCE: Box 3892, Duke Univ. Medical Center, Durham, NC 27710.

SOURCE: J Natl Cancer Inst, (1977). Vol. 58, No. 1, pp. 37-44.

ISSN: 0027-8874.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

FILE SEGMENT: CATH; L LANGUAGE: English ENTRY MONTH: 197707

AB . . . cells, then readministering these cells iv (Phase III). Patients

were challenged 30 days later with an sc inoculum of irradiated

neuraminidase-treated autologous tumor cells

plus BCG (Phase IV). After immunotherapy or surgical removal of the neoplasm, the number of MCR-depressed patients dropped from. . .

L4 ANSWER 34 OF 44 CANCERLIT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 76800139 CANCERLIT

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76800139

TITLE: CYTOTOXICITY REACTIONS DURING IMMUNOTHERAPY OF MELANOMA

WITH NEURAMINIDASE ALTERED AUTOLOGOUS TUMOR CELLS.

AUTHOR: Miller E E; Rosato F E; Brown A S; Moskovitz A; Johnson J

CORPORATE SOURCE: Harrison Dept. Surgical Res., Univ. Pennsylvania Sch.

Medicine, Philadelphia, PA.

SOURCE: J Surg Oncol, (1976). Vol. 8, No. 1, pp. 31-34.

ISSN: 0022-4790.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

FILE SEGMENT: CATH; L LANGUAGE: English ENTRY MONTH: 197611

AB . . . patterns of changing serum cytotoxicity and serum blocking

effect

suggested the phenomena may be related, and that active immunotherapy

with

neuraminidase-treated autologous tumor cells

may play a role in the unblocking of serum blocking effect and prevention of metastases. (12 refs)

L4 ANSWER 35 OF 44 CANCERLIT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 77607436 CANCERLIT

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77607436

TITLE: REGRESSION OF SPONTANEOUS MAMMARY TUMORS IN DOGS AFTER

INJECTION OF VIBRIO CHOLERAE NEURAMINIDASE (VCN)-TREATED

TUMOR CELLS.

AUTHOR: Sedlacek H H; Meesmann H; Seiler F R

CORPORATE SOURCE: Berring Institute, 355 Marburg(Lahn), FRG.

SOURCE: Proc Am Assoc Cancer Res, (1975). Vol. 16, pp. 141.

ISSN: 0569-2261.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

FILE SEGMENT: ICDB; L LANGUAGE: English ENTRY MONTH: 197704

AB . . . min/37 degrees C). Group 1 received twice 1 x 10**7; Group 2 was

injected twice with 5 x 10**7 likewise treated

autologous tumor cells sc in the neck on the day of

operation and on the next day. The control group was equally.

ANSWER 36 OF 44 BASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER B.V.DUPLICATE 20

2176 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1976002176

Specificity of cell membrane antigens in prostatic TITLE:

cancer.

Brannen G.E.; Gomolka D.M.; Coffey D.S. AUTHOR:

James Buchanan Brady Urol. Inst., Johns Hopkins Hosp., CORPORATE SOURCE:

Baltimore, Md., United States

CANCER CHEMOTHER.REP., (1975) 59/1 (127-138). SOURCE:

CODEN: CNCRA6

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

Drug Literature Index 037 FILE SEGMENT:

> Cancer 016

Immunology, Serology and Transplantation 026

Urology and Nephrology 028

LANGUAGE: English

. . . antigens extracted from their own tumors. Three of the seven patients exhibited a cutaneous delayed type hypersensitivity response to

the injected autologous tumor extracts. No

positive reactions were observed in response to solubilized components of control tissues, including benign prostatic hyperplasia. The

significance.

ANSWER 37 OF 44 TOXLINE L4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:63643 TOXLINE

IPA-75-146077 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Positive antiglobulin test after BCG immunotherapy. TITLE:

COMMENT:

Coller B S; Lundberg W B; Albright L; Ommaya A K; Gralnick AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland 20014.

N. Engl. J. Med, (1974). Vol. 291, Aug 29, pp. 474 (REF). SOURCE:

CODEN: NEJMAG. ISSN: 0028-4793.

FILE SEGMENT: IPA English LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE: IPA 12-146077

ENTRY MONTH: 199507

. . . direct (and later indirect) antiglobulin test developed after 8 months of the following antitumor therapy: biweekly S.C. injections of

neuramidinase treated autologous tumor

cells; monthly intradermal BCG and intratumoral purified protein

derivative of tuberculin (via a reservoir); systemic lomustine (CCNU);

and

intratumoral 8-azaguanine.

ANSWER 38 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

76112239 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1976112239

Regression of spontaneous mammary tumors of dogs after TITLE:

injection of neuraminidase treated tumor cells: a

preliminary communication.

Sedlacek H.H.; Meesmann H.; Seiler F.R. AUTHOR:

Behring Inst., Marburg, Germany CORPORATE SOURCE:

BEHRING INST.MITT., (1974) No.55/- (349-355). SOURCE:

CODEN: XXXXXB

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

037 Drug Literature Index FILE SEGMENT:

> 005 General Pathology and Pathological Anatomy 026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation

016 Cancer

LANGUAGE: English

and subsequently with highly purified VCN (100 U/ml/5 x 107 AΒ cells/30 min/37.degree. C). Twelve dogs received 1 x 107 likewise

treated autologous tumor cells s.c. in the

neck on the day of operation and on the day thereafter. Clinical

investigations of the remaining.

L4 ANSWER 39 OF 44 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1999 BIOSIS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:73363 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: BR10:73363

TITLE: VIBRIO-CHOLERAE NEURAMINIDASE TREATED

AUTOLOGOUS TUMOR CELLS AS IMMUNO THERAPY

IN HUMAN TUMORS.

AUTHOR(S): ROSATO F E; MILLER E; ROSATO E F; MULLIS W; JOHNSON J;

BROWN A

SOURCE: Proc. Am. Assoc. Cancer Res., (1974) 15, 159.

CODEN: PAACA3. ISSN: 0569-2296.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference FILE SEGMENT: BR; OLD LANGUAGE: Unavailable

TI VIBRIO-CHOLERAE NEURAMINIDASE TREATED AUTOLOGOUS
TUMOR CELLS AS IMMUNO THERAPY IN HUMAN TUMORS.

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 44 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 1999 ISI (R)

ACCESSION NUMBER: 74:116289 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: S2695

TITLE: VIBRIO CHOLERA NEURAMINIDASE (VCN) TREATED

AUTOLOGOUS TUMOR-CELLS AS IMMUNOTHERAPY

IN HUMAN TUMORS

AUTHOR: ROSATO F E (Reprint); MILLER E; ROSATO E F; MULLIS W;

JOHNSON J; BROWN A

CORPORATE SOURCE: UNIV PENN, DEPT SURG, 3400 SPRUCE ST, PHILADELPHIA, PA,

19104

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA

SOURCE: PROCEEDINGS OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR CANCER

RESEARCH, (1974) Vol. 15, No. MAR, pp. 159.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Journal

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH REFERENCE COUNT: No References

TI VIBRIO CHOLERA NEURAMINIDASE (VCN) TREATED AUTOLOGOUS

TUMOR-CELLS AS IMMUNOTHERAPY IN HUMAN TUMORS

L4 ANSWER 41 OF 44 CANCERLIT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 74706277 CANCERLIT

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 74706277

TITLE: IMMUNOLOGICAL STUDIES IN ACUTE LEUKEMIA.

AUTHOR: Santos G W; Mullins G M; Bias W B; Anderson P N; Graziano

K

D; Klein D L; Burke P J

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. Med., Johns Hopkins Univ., Baltimore, Md.

SOURCE: Recent Results Cancer Res, (1974). Vol. 47, pp. 17-24.

ISSN: 0080-0015.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

FILE SEGMENT: CARC; L LANGUAGE: English ENTRY MONTH: 197512

AB . . . unresponsive to the antigens tested in the skin tests but in no

instance was a delayed hypersensitivity response to intradermally

injected autologous tumor cells found. Nine

normal siblings were found to be HL-A identical to their leukemic

siblings

and eight of these responded. .

L4 ANSWER 42 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.DUPLICATE 21

ACCESSION NUMBER: 75062773 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1975062773

TITLE: Vibrio cholera neuraminidase (VCN) treated

autologous tumor cells as immunotherapy

in human tumors.

AUTHOR: Rosato F.E.; Miller E.; Mullis W.; et al.

*CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. Surg., Univ. Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa. 19104,

ed States

European Surgical Research, (1974) sup 1 (13).

CODEN: EUSRBM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

SOURCE:

FILE SEGMENT: 037 Drug Literature Index

English LANGUAGE:

Vibrio cholera neuraminidase (VCN) treated autologous TΤ

tumor cells as immunotherapy in human tumors.

ANSWER 43 OF 44 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 1999 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V. L4

75100801 EMBASE ACCESSION NUMBER:

1975100801 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Vibrio cholera neuraminidase (VCN) treated TITLE:

autologous tumor cells as immunotherapy

in human tumors.

Rosato F.E.; Miller E.; Rosato E.F.; et al. AUTHOR:

Dept. Surg., Univ. Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa. 19104, CORPORATE SOURCE:

United States

Proceedings of the American Association for Cancer SOURCE:

Research, (1974) Vol. 15 No. 703/-.

CODEN: PAACA3

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal English

Vibrio cholera neuraminidase (VCN) treated autologous

tumor cells as immunotherapy in human tumors.

ANSWER 44 OF 44 CANCERLIT T.4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 71700940 CANCERLIT

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

71700940

TITLE: EFFECT OF INOCULA OF BENZO[A] PYRENE-TREATED SARCOMA CELLS

ON GROWTH OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN RATS.

AUTHOR: Hall J G; Glover D J

Chester Beatty Res. Inst., Sutton, Surrey, England. CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE: J Natl Cancer Inst, (1970). Vol. 45, No. 6, pp.

1163-1168.

ISSN: 0027-8874.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

CARC; L FILE SEGMENT: English LANGUAGE: ENTRY MONTH: 197512

. . . not act by increasing the strength of the tumor-specific

antigen,

for inocula of carcinogen-allogenic treated tumor cells and inocula of

carcinogen-treated autologous tumor cells

had almost the same efficacy in tumor growth retardation.